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The Intelligencer.

WHEELING, JANUARY 13, 1894.

For the Needy.
The INTELLIGENCER will receive and acknowledge publicly any subscriptions that may be sent in for the relief of the destitute of Wheeling and hand the same over to the citizens' relief committee. The following have already been received:
Amount before reported.....\$917
"Cash".....20
Total to date.....\$937

The Expenditures of the People.
Under the head of "Some Encouraging Symptoms" the New York Journal of Commerce of Thursday of this week thought there was evidence that "the people as a whole have been eating as much food as ever, and have not been going without new clothes and other articles of necessity and comfort." If it be true that two millions of wage-earners are out of employment it certainly cannot be that their expenditures for articles of necessity and comfort are up to the normal level. If this estimated number of the unemployed be excessive, it is within everybody's observation that a great many who live by their daily labor are out of work. It is equally well known that of these very many are living in whole or in part on charity. The people as a whole have not been spending as much money as ever for food and clothing and other things which they ordinarily buy.

Two Journal of Commerce of yesterday, under the head of "Imports for November—Are People Economizing?" speaks in a different vein. The article is written in view of the report of the bureau of statistics for the month of November, which shows a heavy fall in customs receipts. The decrease in food imports attracts the special attention of the Journal of Commerce, suggesting "the disposition of the people to economize in articles which can be spared;" and finally that "the people as a rule have turned their attention seriously to economizing, as well in articles of the most general use as in luxuries." The newspaper from which we quote is frank enough to say that "the decrease in materials free of duty gives additional emphasis to the lesson."
The fact is that retrenchment is the order of the day. People without money and without credit must retrench. The depression and the uncertainty as to the future have induced retrenchment in families that have both money and credit. The practice of economy is precisely what is to be expected under the circumstances. There is nothing strange about it. It would be strange if it were otherwise.

The administration is billed for another act in the Hawaiian melodrama next week. But the ex-queen will take a melancholy interest in it. The villain still pursues her and her great protector is powerless to "right the great wrong."

Will Try It Again.
Lillian Russell does not deny the soft impeachment. It is true that she is to marry Signior Giovanni Perugini, whose home name is John Chatterton. The affair began on the stage in "Princess Nicotine," in which Signior Perugini is paid a good salary for making desperate love to Miss Russell.

The bride-elect has been twice married, both times to the leader of the orchestra that played for her; and she has twice been through the divorce mill. Whether it was this that encouraged Signior Perugini he does not say.

Among the hearts bowed down by the news of the betrothal is Sandow, the strong man, who wept and turned away to bury his grief in Frankfurter and the beverage of his native land.

PERHAPS we are to have "lady negro minstrels." Fifty Brooklyn society belles blacked and gave a performance for charity. The next step is to go it for fame and plunder.

Prof. Wilson's Hard Task.
Commenting on Prof. Wilson's speech in behalf of his bill the Louisville Courier-Journal says:

On the feature of his bill Prof. Wilson was not "free from embarrassment." There are decided "discrepancies between the bill and the platform of his party," and his effort to reconcile them was painful.

The fact is, Prof. Wilson was under duress. He could not find a way out by explaining that where he gave protection it is in behalf of favored interests

and generally on sectional lines. That would have been fatal. The platform of his party does not allow protection at all, but declares it to be unconstitutional and a fraud.

Could Prof. Wilson be expected to tell the country that he and his party associates were proposing an unconstitutional and fraudulent thing?

When Mr. Watterson says, "This seems to me to be an era of very small things and very small men," to whom does he refer? The Democrats are having the era pretty well to themselves.

The New Jersey Infamy.
At the election in November last the people of New Jersey elected a legislative Republican in both branches. In the senate the Democrats have ten members, the Republicans eleven. The Democrats have a majority of the hold-over senators, and in this they saw a chance for mischief.

Nine hold-over senators are Democrats, four Republicans. The nine hold-over Democrats set up the theory that the senate is a continuing body in which the hold-overs are the senate until the new-comers are let in, and that this body so constituted is to pass on the credentials of men presenting certificates of election.

So they got together by themselves on this basis, with their old presiding officer in the chair, and this racetrack servant announced that three of the Republican senators-elect would have to run the gauntlet of a special committee of his appointing before they could take their seats. It is important to know that these seats are not contested.

Among the Republican senators-elect is Mr. Bradley, of Asbury Park. The Democrats concocted a scheme to deprive Mr. Bradley of his seat. His Democratic competitor at the polls said that Mr. Bradley was fairly elected and entitled to his seat, and this honorable Democrat would take no part in the conspiracy. But this did not matter to the conspirators. They were going to shut out Mr. Bradley anyhow, for they were to be the judges in the case. Democrats flocked to themselves, Republicans to themselves, and there are now two bodies claiming to be the senate of New Jersey.

The house acts with the Republican body. Together they have begun the repeal of the infamous racetrack legislation, which aroused the people and made the legislature Republican. The bills as they pass will go to the Democratic governor, and it will be interesting to see how he will treat them.

Thus far the governor has given the rump Democratic senate all the recognition he can. He seems to be up to his ears in the scheme. New Jersey is often said in jest to be out of the United States. Her Democratic senators seem to think that their state is somewhere in South America.

He Understands.
Mr. Isador Straus, Democratic nominee for one of the vacancies in Congress from New York, says he would be glad to support a more radical tariff measure than the Wilson bill, and adds: "I presume that Mr. Wilson himself would have been rejected at a more radical bill if the finances of the country and the conflicting views of the other members of the committee—which, I am sure, had to be harmonized—would have permitted it."

Mr. Straus knows Mr. Wilson and the difficulties under which he has labored. He knows, also, that when the entering wedge has been got well in it will be an easy matter to hit it another whack—if at that time the Democratic party be still in power.

TAKING up some comments made by the INTELLIGENCER on Mr. Carnegie's proposed tariff compromise, the Register remarks:

Then our neighbor goes on to roast the tariff-breed millionaire and to accuse him of crimes which it used to lay at the door of Democrats before Carnegie stopped his campaign contribution to the Republican party.

Will the Register be good enough to point out the crimes of which the INTELLIGENCER has accused Mr. Carnegie?

BREAKFAST BUDGET.

Baptism by immersion was performed in a peculiar manner a few days ago in Buffalo township, Washington county, Pa. Thomas Toland was too ill to leave his room, and was desirous of baptism. A large box was made and filled with water, and into this Mr. Toland, suspended in a sheet, was lowered.

A Japanese audience, when they wish to express disapproval of a bad play, do not hiss or hoot, or make any hideous or inconvenient noise; they merely rise to their feet and turn their backs upon the stage, upon which the curtain immediately descends, and the play is forthwith taboored.

Giraffes have become very scarce since the dervishes seized the basin of the upper Nile. They were once to be bought for about \$240 each; now a good giraffe would fetch over \$1,000. The Jardin d'Acclimation, at Paris, recently refused to sell very young ones for \$2,000.

The physicians of Brussels have recently banded themselves into a union, pledged not to accept any fee below a certain fixed sum.

The McCall (Mo.) Magnet mentions the fact that a woman named "Whistle Breeches" was in town on Christmas day.

Philadelphia, which owns and operates its own gas works, has reduced the price of gas from \$1.50 to \$1 per thousand cubic feet.

A man was called a hypnotist at Pittsburgh last week and wanted to fight without looking at the dictionary at all. There is said to be two terrapin farms in the United States, located at Mobile, Ala., and in Maryland.

The Tartars take a man by the ear to invite him to eat or drink with them.

First class fare for twenty-five miles on the new Congo railroad costs \$10.

May Day lives in Green township, Clay county, Kansas.

THE IRON MARKET

Dominated from Top to Bottom by Uncertainty—Buyers Have No Confidence.
Iron Trade Review.

The second week of the year is even quieter in the iron trade than its predecessor. Every market, from iron ore down to the last refinement of mill or foundry product, is dominated by this uncertainty that is the burden of trade talk everywhere, and that is finding its way more and more into contracts reaching any distance into the future. The transactions of the past week indicate scant confidence among buyers that absolute low basis has been reached; yet there is a belief that the present ruinous basis or any slight scaling down from it will not be prolonged far into the year. Some disposition to contract for forward deliveries has appeared in the Chicago market for northern coke. In Pittsburgh the purchases of raw iron have been very limited, and in most cases confined to January delivery. Southern sellers of pig iron report no new developments.

Since the opening of the new year there have been lots and for 100 and 300 tons, but the position of the furnaces in the south have weakened in the past few weeks. The only encouragement they have had has come from a further purchase of a round lot of iron by English speculators, lifting it off the market for time being. The northern demand for iron has become more and more southern iron has become more and more a matter of price for the northern product. A recent quotation of \$9.80, Cleveland, on northern gray forge, which is the lowest yet reported, would mean \$5.95 at Birmingham. The Pittsburgh and Wheeling markets are likewise practically barred against southern iron. Present production of pig iron in excess of consumption. Rolling mills and steam works are still hungry for work. Certain Pittsburgh mills, for reasons which Mr. Carnegie has publicly explained, are able to see their way through the winter. This state of things might be advantageous to such as have refrained from filling up at out prices if there were any amount of new work coming up. With billets settling to \$16, it is evident that some producers are figuring costs on Bessemer pig at a shade below \$10.

ECONOMIC MILLENNIUM.

Edward Atkinson's Cheerful Predictions For the Future.

Edward Atkinson, always suggestive and hopeful, predicts "an economic millennium" as near at hand. He says: In the twentieth century the private soldiers of the armies of Europe will have learned what fools men are to fight. When that time comes, hunger, now promoted by the haste of preparation for war, will have ceased. The military caste will have ceased to be honored. The well-trained officers of the armies will have been promoted from their present worse than useless positions to become captains of industry. They will then hold positions of power and influence, carrying peace, good will and plenty among all the nations of the earth. Dynasties will have been deposed. Rulers who now claim to rule by birth and privilege, and have attempted to resist the will of the private soldiers drawn from the ranks of the people, will have been overthrown by force if necessary. Government of the people, by the people and for the people will have been established in Europe as firmly as it now is in the United States. Science will have gained control over the nitrogen of the atmosphere. The soil, no longer worked as a mine, but as a laboratory, will then supply the abundance of food, fuel, fibre and fabric necessary to comfortable subsistence in measureless abundance. The man who possesses average intelligence coupled with industry, and who is governed by personal religion based on reason and not on superstition, will be so sure of material welfare that it will not pay to be rich.

PERSONAL POINTS.

Capt. William Hansen, of New Bedford, who was captain of the cup defender Vigilant during her races with the Valkyrie, has signed a contract to sail the schooner yacht Quickstep of the New York Yacht Club, fleet for Frederick Grinnell the coming season.

Maj. Gen. Sir Owen Tudor Burne, who retired from the active list of the British army on the 1st, crept up the various ranks to that of major general without doing any military duty whatever.

The Vanderbilt family hold \$47,050,000 of the United States four per cent bonds. These bonds are registered at the treasury department and the annual interest paid by the government is \$1,882,000.

Frank Hopkinson Smith, the artist, will exhibit at the Avery gallery, in New York, beginning to-day, the results of his last summer in Venice in the form of some forty water colors.

The report that Sir Edward Malet, British ambassador at Berlin, is to retire is the cause of much regret in Germany, where he has long been popular.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is about to publish her memoirs, which will probably fill two volumes.

The oldest peer in England is Earl Grey, who is almost ninety-two years of age.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

"There are times," muttered the tragedian, scowling; "when I insist on having everything that is coming to me. And there are times," he added, nimbly dodging a frozen rabbit and a superannuated cabbage head, "when I don't."

The Marquis Van Dickens (at the swellest banquets) "Surely I have seen your beautiful face before, Miss SaintLouis? Miss SaintLouis—More likely. Pa used it on all his patent medicines ads as 'after taking.'—Chicago Record.

An Iowa woman dumped her husband into a well, threw rocks in after him and then emptied a shotgun down the well. This sounds bad, but then you know what kind of husbands some men are.—Topeka Journal.

"You say that your married life has been a miserable disappointment. Wasn't it because you didn't marry the right woman?" "I suspect it was because she didn't marry the right man."—Boston Transcript.

Bluster—Do you mean to say that I am a liar? Blister—I hope that I could not do so ungentlemanly a thing. But I see you catch my idea.—Boston Transcript.

There is no parity between the pose of the preacher and the repose of the bald-headed men in the corner seats.—Plain Dealer.

Wife—What kind of cards do you think make the best calling cards? Husband (absent-mindedly)—Aces.—Rochester Democrat.

Read the INTELLIGENCER'S Special Art Portfolio offer on page three to-day.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A BLUNDER OR WORSE?

Four Items of Information Wanted by the People from President Cleveland.

The latest news from Honolulu shifts the ground of the Hawaiian controversy. The question of what Minister Stevens did or did not do a year ago in connection with the overthrow of the Kanaka throne is submerged in a torrent of infinitely darker and more imperative significance. It is no longer the possible blunder of a subordinate officer of the government that is at issue; it is possible bad faith and usurpation that looms like a hideous and threatening cloud between the country and its peace.

There are just four items of information which the American people want at present and want without delay—

1. What were the instructions sent Mr. Willis by the Corwin?

2. Had the President on the day that the Corwin sailed made up his mind as to the character of the special message relative to Hawaiian affairs then in contemplation and subsequently sent to Congress?

3. If he had made up his mind, were his instructions to Willis in harmony with his assurances to Congress on the 18th of December?

4. If he had not made up his mind in time to advise Willis accordingly, and if, on the contrary, the message by the Corwin was one of urgency on the original line of restitution, why did the President tell Congress that he referred the matter to that body on a day when, by every reasonable probability, his representative at Honolulu must have been demanding the abdication of the provisional government?

We know what Mr. Cleveland said to Congress in his special message of the 18th of December. After explaining that his original plans had been set at naught by the queen's refusal to accept the conditions accompanying them, he said:

"In commending this subject to the extended powers and wide discretion of the Congress, I desire to add the assurance that I shall be much gratified to co-operate in any legislative plan which may be devised for the solution of the problem before us which is consistent with American honor, integrity and morality."

And we know, further, that on the 10th of December—the day next after that in which the President had formally "commended" the whole subject to Congress, Mr. Willis called upon the provisional government to surrender.

We know, therefore, that while Congress believed that the President had relinquished the matter to them and were proceeding upon the faith of that understanding, the President's representative in Honolulu was hard at work urging the provisional government to abdicate and clamoring for the restoration of the queen. There can be no doubt as to these things—none whatever. Whether by design or accident, whether by deliberate contrivance or the blind workings of stupidity, the people and their representatives in Congress have been befuddled and outraged. And just here is where the country wants to be enlightened. Did Mr. Willis receive instructions from the Corwin authorizing him to proceed upon the line originally laid down? If so, why did the President in his message of the 18th of December declare that he "commended" the subject to Congress? Did Mr. Willis, on the contrary, receive advice by the Corwin to the effect that the President was about to "commend" the matter to Congress? If so, why did he at once with redoubled energy resume his operations against the provisional government? There has been a blunder somewhere, if not a crime. Whose fault is it?

These are questions of infinitely greater importance than any that can possibly attach to the uprising of January, 1893. The worst that can be said of ex-Minister Stevens is that he committed an error of judgment; that in his sympathy with civilization and decency he was betrayed into an excess of zeal. But here we are confronted with an enormity which can borrow no excuse from hot blood, and no palliation from excitement. Here we have the spectacle of a United States official accredited to a foreign and a friendly nation plotting the destruction of that nation's established government while the President of the United States is assuring the Congress that he has referred the matter to them and will take no further steps save by their advice. Is it a blunder or worse? Have we been made a laughing stock for the world through a conjunction of incredible follies and imbecilities, or has it come to pass that our very institutions have been trodden under foot and scorned?

STEEL & CO.'S sale of Fur Capes will close Saturday evening sure. Don't fail to secure one of the great bargains.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OMAHA, NEB., May 5, 1891.

I have tried a great many remedies for headache, and KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES knock it quicker than anything I ever tried.

Sold by Alex. T. Young, John Klari, Wheeling, and Bowie & Co., Bridgeport, Ohio.

The persistent cough which usually follows an attack of the grip can be permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. W. A. McGuire, of McKay, Ohio, says: "La Grippe left me with a severe cough. After using several different medicines without relief, I tried Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which effected a permanent cure. I have also found it to be without an equal for children, when troubled with colds or croup."

READ the INTELLIGENCER'S Special Art Portfolio offer on page three to-day.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust made by John McMorris and Mary McMorris, his wife, to me as trustee, dated August 9, 1888, recorded in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of Ohio County, West Virginia, in Book of Trust Book No. 27, page 251, I will sell at the north front door of the Court House of said county on SATURDAY, the 25th DAY OF JANUARY, 1891, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described property, that is to say:

Lot numbered fifty-five, in Division F, as designated on the map of the sub-division of the Joseph Caldwell estate and additions thereto, from the city of Wheeling, in Ohio county, West Virginia, said lot is fronting on the west side of Coal street and on the north side of Caldwell street in said addition.

TERMS OF SALE—One third and as much more as the purchaser elects to pay in cash on the day of sale, the balance in two equal installments at one and two years, the purchaser giving notes bearing interest from the day of sale for the deferred payments.

W. J. W. COWDEN, Trustee, del.

W. H. HALL, Auctioneer.

DRUGGISTS.

GENUINE BUTTERMILK.

SOAP.

10c A CAKE. THREE FOR 25c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY R. H. LIST, 1010 MAIN ST.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN THE Housefurnishing Line. Call and see GEORGE W. JOHNSON'S SONS, HOUSEFURNISHERS, 1210 Main Street.

NEVER DISAPPOINT when you want a Safe, Sure, Prompt and Reliable monthly regularity. Send anywhere, securely sealed, \$1. Address: CRANE MEDICAL CO., Columbus, Ohio.

A BEAUTIFUL DAWNING.

Light Sprung from the Darkness.

A Grand Awakening Which Shall Last Forever.

A Brighter Outlook Than the World Has Ever Before Known.

Changes are constantly taking place which tend to make the world happier and to cause a feeling of joy and contentment to pervade our lives. One of the greatest blessings which has fallen to mankind and which is indeed the dawn of a new era of life, has just taken place in the well-known family of Mrs. Albert Blanchard, residing at 353 Webster avenue, Chicago, Ill.

She writes the following interesting letter: "My health has been sinking for several years. I would have sinking spells and was so weak that I could not hold my hand up to my head. I would have to lie down on the sofa and sleep so very nervous that I could not sleep at night."

"My stomach troubled me all the time and my food distressed me so that I was afraid to eat. I had chills most of the time and sometimes chills and fever with trembling and shaking. I was also troubled with catarrh."

"I was so dizzy at times that I nearly fell; I would grab at the chair, and dark spots appeared before my eyes. I could not begin to tell how I suffered. I was so sick I did not enjoy life and was told that I would not live long."

Mrs. ALBERT BLANCHARD.

"I took many medicines and employed several physicians, but received no permanent benefit. I was induced to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and after using six bottles I found it had done wonders for me. I now feel strong and well and can walk a couple of miles."

"My stomach does not trouble me and I am not dizzy. My catarrh has entirely disappeared. I am so well that I am assisting my husband in the office and help mother when I go home. I hope any one that is not well will try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy."

"My little daughter, Helena, has also been using this remedy with great benefit. She was very delicate and nervous. After taking this wonderful medicine for a short time she gained three pounds and is not near so nervous as she was. I do not feel afraid to recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, for I know what it has done for me and my little girl, and I would advise anyone who is suffering to take it."

MISS HELENA BLANCHARD.

What a beautiful awakening, indeed, is this great discovery from the darkness of disease and the failures to conquer it. What a blessing to all humanity. How grateful must Mrs. Blanchard feel for the cure of herself and child. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy will do for you all that it has done for her. If you are suffering from any form of nervous or blood disease, indigestion, weak stomach, kidney or liver complaints, take this wonderful medicine and it will cure you. Dr. Greene, the noted specialist in the cure of all chronic and nervous diseases, can be consulted at his office, 35 V. Fourteenth street, New York, free, personally or by letter.

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NEVER DISAPPOINT when you want a Safe, Sure, Prompt and Reliable monthly regularity. Send anywhere, securely sealed, \$1. Address: CRANE MEDICAL CO., Columbus, Ohio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOURTH STREET M. E. CHURCH. Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor, Rev. A. B. Riker, D. D. Sunday School at 2 p. m.

WANTED—UNFURNISHED ROOM and board in private family; centrally located. Address "L. J." care Intelligencer office. ja13

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN Church, Rev. Presby Thompson, a student of Allegheny Seminary, will preach morning and evening. Sabbath School at 2 p. m. Christian Union at 6:45 p. m. ja13

TO THE PUBLIC. I have purchased the entire stock of Emshelmer & Co., No. 30 Twelfth street, and will carry a full line of Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods, and will be pleased to have the public call. W. C. BALL. ja13

AUCTION SALE OF A SALOON. I will sell my place of business, located at No. 1034-1036 Main street, known as the Hotel Gavin, at auction on Monday morning, January 15, at 10 o'clock. P. J. GAVIN, Proprietor. ja12

PROPOSALS. Proposals will be received by the Secretary of the West Virginia State Fair Association, until Monday, January 15, 1894, at 2 p. m., for the use of their grounds on the 30th day of May, 1894, (Decoration day) and the 4th day of July, 1894. GEORGE HOOK, Secretary. ja11

GRAND CONCERT! GIVEN BY THE CHOIR OF THE—Second—Presbyterian—Church! TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 16. HENRY HARTMAN, Organist and Director. ja13

Rookwood Pottery! CHOICE NEW PIECES JUST ARRIVED. EWING BROS., 1215 MARKET ST.

Pianos at a Bargain! TWO FINE—Chase & Eros Pianos FOR SALE AT COST. Inquire of K. HOGE, 1113 MARKET ST.

Valuable West Va. Books AT REDUCED PRICES. Amended Code of West Virginia (Warth), 1884 ed. \$1.50. Good fresh copy. Code of West Virginia, 1888 ed. Cover scuffed somewhat, but otherwise in fine condition. \$3.00. Acts of West Virginia Legislature 1891, good, fresh copy, \$2.50. Only one copy each at these prices.

STANTON'S Old City Book Store. LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Postoffice at Wheeling, Ohio county, W. Va., Saturday, January 13. To obtain any of the following the applicant must ask for advertised letters, giving date of list: LADIES' LIST.

Cartier, Nannie G. Miller, Mrs. Ida Cramer, Miss Amelia (Dr.) Only, Mrs. Jennie F